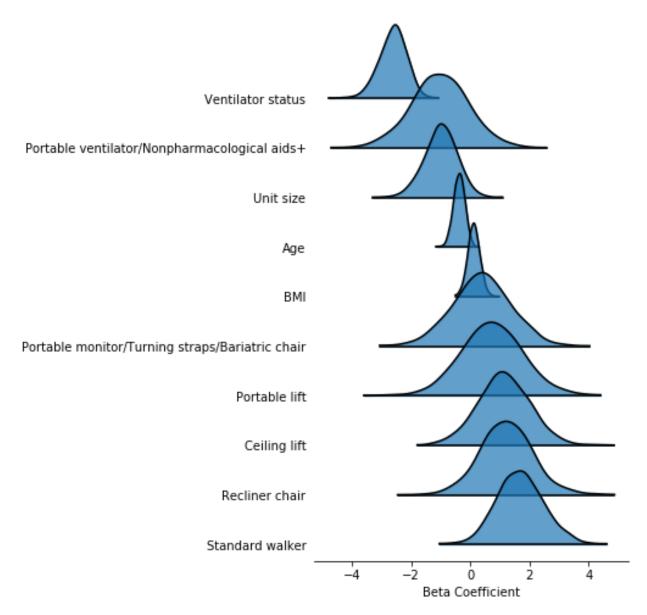
Supplementary Material

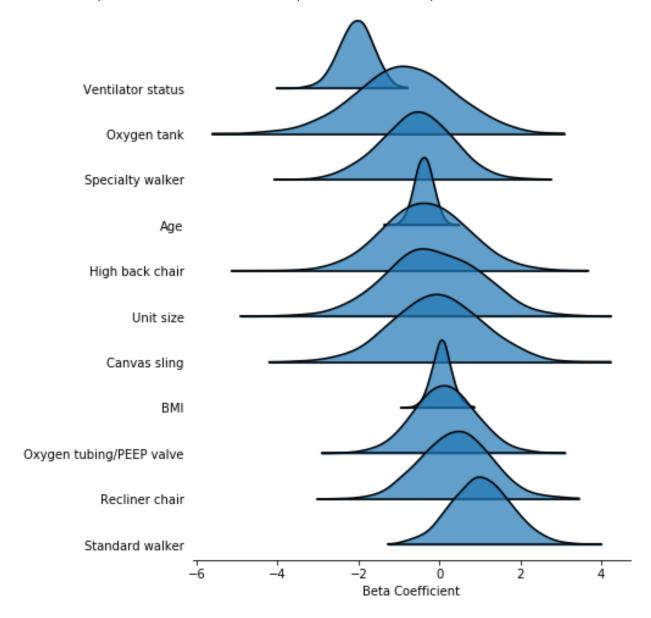
- **eFigure 1.** Highest density interval ridge plot representing beta coefficient estimates in the full bundle adherence Bayesian model with uninformative priors and binary predictors.
- **eFigure 2.** Highest density interval ridge plot representing beta coefficient estimates in the full bundle adherence Bayesian model with uninformative priors and continuous predictors.
- **eFigure 3.** Highest density interval ridge plot representing beta coefficient estimates in the early mobility bundle adherence Bayesian model with uninformative priors and binary predictors.
- **eFigure 4.** Highest density interval ridge plot representing beta coefficient estimates in the early mobility bundle adherence Bayesian model with weakly informative priors and continuous predictors.
- **eTable 1** Equipment variable inclusion/exclusion following data-driven redundancy analysis with input from subject matter experts.
- eTable 2 Comparison of best-fit models using AIC (Frequentist) or WAIC (Bayesian) values.

Supplementary Figures

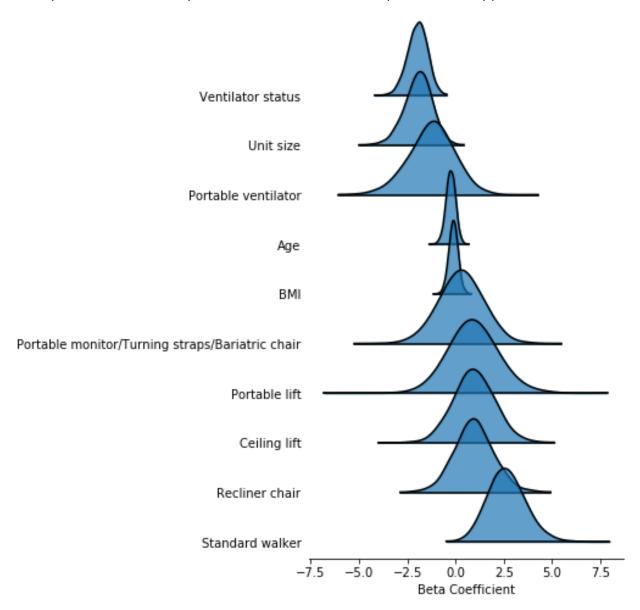
eFigure 1. Highest density interval ridge plot representing beta coefficient estimates in the full bundle adherence Bayesian model with uninformative priors and binary predictors.



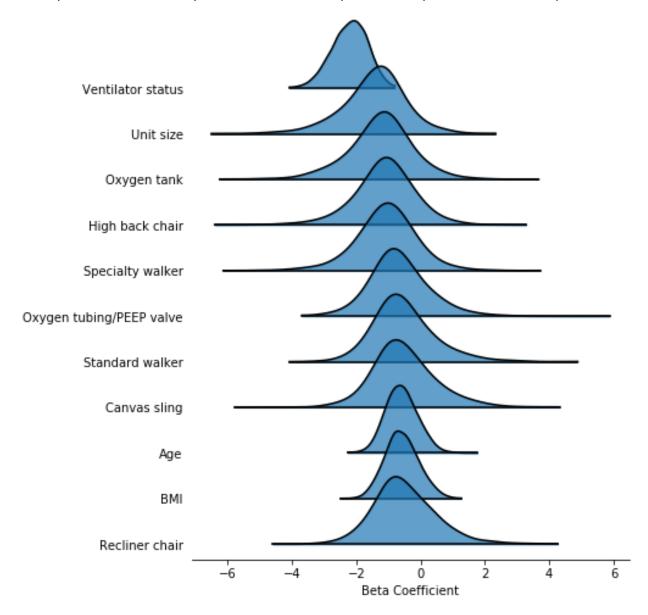
eFigure 2. Highest density interval ridge plot representing beta coefficient estimates in the full bundle adherence Bayesian model with uninformative priors and continuous predictors.



eFigure 3. Highest density interval ridge plot representing beta coefficient estimates in the early mobility bundle adherence Bayesian model with uninformative priors and binary predictors.



eFigure 4. Highest density interval ridge plot representing beta coefficient estimates in the early mobility bundle adherence Bayesian model with weakly informative priors and continuous predictors.



eTable 1 Equipment variable inclusion/exclusion following data-driven redundancy analysis with input from subject matter experts.

• •	Included in	Included in	ndancy analysis with input from subject matter experts.			
	Binary	Continuous	Rationale for Variable Exclusion			
	Model?	Model?				
Bag valve mask – hand-held device used to			Binary: present on all units, no variation			
provide positive pressure ventilation to patients			Continuous: if present, always inside room			
who are not breathing or not breathing						
adequately						
Bariatric chair – chair that provides extra wide	Yes		Binary: identical to & combined with Turning straps & Portable monitor			
seating	res		Continuous: insufficient variation			
Canvas sling – sling for use with mechanical lifts		Yes	Binary: redundant with several variables			
Ceiling lift – motorized device that lifts and	Vaa		Continuous: if present, always inside room			
transfers a person along an overhead track	Yes					
Chart – electronic or hard copy medical record			Binary: present on all units, no variation			
used for documentation			Continuous: outcome was adherence to activity, not documentation			
Gait belt – device put on a patient who has			Both: redundant with several variables			
mobility issues to help prevent falls.						
High back chair – non-recliner chair with a taller		Yes	Binary: redundant with several variables			
backrest for neck support						
Hover mat – air mattress used for lateral			Both: redundant with several variables			
transfers						
Lift sheet – special slip sheet folded under a			Both: redundant with several variables			
patient over the bottom sheet to assist with						
lateral transfers and moving the patient up in						
bed						
Medication dispensing system – automated			Binary: present on all units, no variation			
medication dispensing cabinets			Continuous: redundant with several variables			
Nonpharmacologic aids – ear plugs, eye covers,	Yes		Continuous: insufficient variation			
reading glasses, and/or amplifiers	163					
Oxygen tank – portable oxygen storage vessel		Yes	Binary: present on all units, no variation			
Oxygen tubing –ventilator or cannula primary	Yes		Binary: present on all units, no variation			
tubing or extensions			Continuous: identical to & combined with PEEP valve			
PEEP valve – spring loaded valve that the patient	Vac		Binary: present on all units, no variation			
exhales against		Yes	Continuous: identical to & combined with Oxygen tubing			
Portable monitor – portable device used to	Yes		Binary: identical to & combined with Bariatric chair & Turning straps			
record vital signs and electrocardiogram			Continuous: insufficient variation			

Portable ventilator – portable device used for mechanical ventilation	Yes		Continuous: insufficient variation
Radio – music device present in room to play patient-preferred music			Binary: redundant with several variables Continuous: insufficient variation
Recliner chair – a chair with an adjustable back and foot rest	Yes	Yes	
Sit-to-Stand – lift device designed to help patients with some ability but lack the strength or muscle control to rise to a standing position			Binary: redundant with several variables Continuous: insufficient variation
Sling lift – mechanical assistive device used to transfer patients between a bed, chair, or other resting place	Yes		Binary: identical to & combined with Standing lift Continuous: insufficient variation
Specialty walker – a walker that incorporates features for supporting complex ambulation (e.g., mounting for pumps, ventilators, monitors, oxygen tanks; patient seat)		Yes	Binary: redundant with several variables
Standard walker – a device for helping with walking that consists of a frame with or without wheels	Yes	Yes	
Standing lift – mechanical device used to assist patient who cannot transition from a sitting to standing position on their own	Yes		Binary: identical to & combined with Sling lift Continuous: insufficient variation
Stretch band – an elastic band used for strength training and physical therapy			Binary: redundant with several variables Continuous: insufficient variation
Turning straps – straps placed under a patient to assist staff with turning patient from side to side	Yes		Binary: identical to & combined with Bariatric chair & Portable monitor Continuous: redundant with several variables

Abbreviations: PEEP = positive end expiratory pressure

eTable 2 Comparison of best-fit models using AIC (Frequentist) or WAIC (Bayesian) values.

Annyouch	Frequentist		Bayesian							
Approach			Uninformative Priors		Informative Priors					
Predictors	Continuous	Binary	Continuous	Binary	Continuous	Binary				
Outcome										
Full bundle (n=751)	657.8	655.9*	634.18	626.04*	643.27	644.85				
Early mobility (n=748)	450.4	448.9*	432.72	428.21*	431.43	431.79				

Note: Bolded asterisk (*) indicates lowest (best) value for each outcome/approach combination.